

# Chemistry Reference Tables

Name	Value
Avogadro's number	$6.022 \times 10^{23}$ particles/mole
Gas constant (R)	$0.0821 \frac{L \cdot atm}{mol \cdot K}$
	$62.4 \frac{L \cdot mm\ Hg}{mol \cdot K}$
	$8.314 \frac{L \cdot kPa}{mol \cdot K}$
Standard pressure	$1.00\ atm = 101.3\ kPa = 760.\ mm\ Hg = 760.\ torr$
Standard temperature	$0\ ^\circ C$ or $273K$
Volume of 1 mol of any gas at STP	$22.4\ L$

Thermodynamic Constants	Symbol	Value
Heat of fusion of water	$H_f$	$334 \frac{J}{g}$
Heat of vaporization of water	$H_v$	$2,260 \frac{J}{g}$
Specific heat of ice	$C_{ice}$	$2.05 \frac{J}{g\ ^\circ C}$
Specific heat of water	$C_{water}$	$4.18 \frac{J}{g\ ^\circ C}$
Specific heat of steam	$C_{steam}$	$2.02 \frac{J}{g\ ^\circ C}$

Metal	Specific Heat ( $\frac{J}{g\ ^\circ C}$ )	Density ( $\frac{g}{cm^3}$ )	Melting Point ( $^\circ C$ )
Aluminum	0.897	2.702	660
Copper	0.385	8.92	1083
Gold	0.129	19.31	1064
Iron	0.449	7.86	1535
Lead	0.129	11.3437	328
Magnesium	1.023	1.74	649
Mercury	0.140	13.5939	-39
Nickel	0.444	8.90	1455
Tin	0.218	7.31	232
Titanium	0.523	4.5	1660
Zinc	0.388	7.14	420

<b>Organic Substances</b>			
<b>Name</b>	<b>Density @ STP</b>	<b>Melting Point ( °C )</b>	<b>Boiling Point ( °C )</b>
Ethanol (CH <sub>3</sub> CH <sub>2</sub> OH)	0.7893 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	-114	79
Hexane (C <sub>6</sub> H <sub>14</sub> )	0.6603 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	-95	69
Methane (CH <sub>4</sub> )	0.716 g/L	-182	-161
Methanol (CH <sub>3</sub> OH)	0.7914 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	-98	65

<b>Inorganic Substances</b>			
<b>Name</b>	<b>*Density @ STP</b>	<b>Melting Point ( °C )</b>	<b>Boiling Point ( °C )</b>
Chlorine	3.21 g/L	-101	-35
Hydrogen	0.0899 g/L	-259	-253
Hydrogen chloride	1.640 g/L	-115	-85
Hydrogen sulfide	1.54 g/L	-85	-61
Nitrogen	1.25 g/L	-210	-196
Nitrogen monoxide	1.34 g/L	-164	-152
Oxygen	1.43 g/L	-218	-183
Sodium chloride	2.165 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	801	1413
Sulfur dioxide	2.92 g/L	-73	-10
*Water (at 4°C)	1.00 g/cm <sup>3</sup>	0	100

Note: 1 mL = 1 cm<sup>3</sup>

1000 mL = 1 L

## Formulas

$$D = \frac{m}{V}$$

$$K = ^\circ\text{C} + 273$$

$$\frac{P_1V_1}{T_1} = \frac{P_2V_2}{T_2}$$

$$P_t = P_1 + P_2 + P_3 + \dots$$

$$PV = nRT$$

$$q = mC\Delta T$$

$$q = mH_v$$

$$q = mH_f$$

$$M = \frac{\text{moles of solute}}{\text{liters of solution}}$$

$$M_1V_1 = M_2V_2$$

$$pH + pOH = 14$$

$$pH = -\log[H^+]$$

$$pOH = -\log[OH^-]$$

$$[H^+][OH^-] = 1 \times 10^{-14}$$

$$[H^+] = 10^{-pH}$$

$$[OH^-] = 10^{-pOH}$$

$$\text{percent error} = \frac{|\text{experimental amount} - \text{theoretical amount}|}{\text{theoretical amount}} \times 100$$

## Variables

$D$  = density

$m$  = mass

$V$  = volume

$K$  = Kelvin

$P$  = pressure

$R$  = gas constant

$T$  = temperature

$n$  = number of moles

$q$  = quantity of heat energy

$C$  = specific heat constant

$H_v$  = heat of vaporization

$H_f$  = heat of fusion constant

$M$  = molarity

# PERIODIC TABLE

<b>1</b>								
1 <b>H</b> Hydrogen 1.008	<b>2</b>							
3 <b>Li</b> Lithium 6.94	4 <b>Be</b> Beryllium 9.012							
11 <b>Na</b> Sodium 22.99	12 <b>Mg</b> Magnesium 24.31	<b>3</b>	<b>4</b>	<b>5</b>	<b>6</b>	<b>7</b>	<b>8</b>	<b>9</b>
19 <b>K</b> Potassium 39.10	20 <b>Ca</b> Calcium 40.08	21 <b>Sc</b> Scandium 44.96	22 <b>Ti</b> Titanium 47.87	23 <b>V</b> Vanadium 50.94	24 <b>Cr</b> Chromium 52.00	25 <b>Mn</b> Manganese 54.94	26 <b>Fe</b> Iron 55.85	27 <b>Co</b> Cobalt 58.93
37 <b>Rb</b> Rubidium 85.47	38 <b>Sr</b> Strontium 87.62	39 <b>Y</b> Yttrium 88.91	40 <b>Zr</b> Zirconium 91.22	41 <b>Nb</b> Niobium 92.91	42 <b>Mo</b> Molybdenum 95.95	43 <b>Tc</b> Technetium (98)	44 <b>Ru</b> Ruthenium 101.07	45 <b>Rh</b> Rhodium 102.91
55 <b>Cs</b> Cesium 132.91	56 <b>Ba</b> Barium 137.33	57 <b>*La</b> Lanthanum 138.91	72 <b>Hf</b> Hafnium 178.49	73 <b>Ta</b> Tantalum 180.95	74 <b>W</b> Tungsten 183.84	75 <b>Re</b> Rhenium 186.21	76 <b>Os</b> Osmium 190.23	77 <b>Ir</b> Iridium 192.22
87 <b>Fr</b> Francium (223)	88 <b>Ra</b> Radium (226)	89 <b>†Ac</b> Actinium (227)	104 <b>Rf</b> Rutherfordium (267)	105 <b>Db</b> Dubnium (268)	106 <b>Sg</b> Seaborgium (269)	107 <b>Bh</b> Bohrium (270)	108 <b>Hs</b> Hassium (269)	109 <b>Mt</b> Meitnerium (277)

*	58 <b>Ce</b> Cerium 140.12	59 <b>Pr</b> Praseodymium 140.91	60 <b>Nd</b> Neodymium 144.24	61 <b>Pm</b> Promethium (145)	62 <b>Sm</b> Samarium 150.36	63 <b>Eu</b> Europium 151.96	64 <b>Gd</b> Gadolinium 157.25
†	90 <b>Th</b> Thorium 232.04	91 <b>Pa</b> Protactinium 231.04	92 <b>U</b> Uranium 238.03	93 <b>Np</b> Neptunium (237)	94 <b>Pu</b> Plutonium (244)	95 <b>Am</b> Americium (243)	96 <b>Cm</b> Curium (247)

( ) represents the most stable isotope

# OF THE ELEMENTS

						<b>18</b>		
			<b>13</b>	<b>14</b>	<b>15</b>	<b>16</b>	<b>17</b>	2 <b>He</b> Helium 4.003
			5 <b>B</b> Boron 10.81	6 <b>C</b> Carbon 12.01	7 <b>N</b> Nitrogen 14.01	8 <b>O</b> Oxygen 16.00	9 <b>F</b> Fluorine 19.00	10 <b>Ne</b> Neon 20.18
<b>10</b>	<b>11</b>	<b>12</b>	13 <b>Al</b> Aluminum 26.98	14 <b>Si</b> Silicon 28.09	15 <b>P</b> Phosphorus 30.97	16 <b>S</b> Sulfur 32.06	17 <b>Cl</b> Chlorine 35.45	18 <b>Ar</b> Argon 39.95
28 <b>Ni</b> Nickel 58.69	29 <b>Cu</b> Copper 63.55	30 <b>Zn</b> Zinc 65.38	31 <b>Ga</b> Gallium 69.72	32 <b>Ge</b> Germanium 72.63	33 <b>As</b> Arsenic 74.92	34 <b>Se</b> Selenium 78.97	35 <b>Br</b> Bromine 79.90	36 <b>Kr</b> Krypton 83.80
46 <b>Pd</b> Palladium 106.42	47 <b>Ag</b> Silver 107.87	48 <b>Cd</b> Cadmium 112.41	49 <b>In</b> Indium 114.82	50 <b>Sn</b> Tin 118.71	51 <b>Sb</b> Antimony 121.76	52 <b>Te</b> Tellurium 127.60	53 <b>I</b> Iodine 126.90	54 <b>Xe</b> Xenon 131.29
78 <b>Pt</b> Platinum 195.08	79 <b>Au</b> Gold 196.97	80 <b>Hg</b> Mercury 200.59	81 <b>Tl</b> Thallium 204.38	82 <b>Pb</b> Lead 207.2	83 <b>Bi</b> Bismuth 208.98	84 <b>Po</b> Polonium (209)	85 <b>At</b> Astatine (210)	86 <b>Rn</b> Radon (222)
110 <b>Ds</b> Darmstadtium (281)	111 <b>Rg</b> Roentgenium (282)	112 <b>Cn</b> Copernicium (285)	113 <b>Nh</b> Nihonium (286)	114 <b>Fl</b> Flerovium (290)	115 <b>Mc</b> Moscovium (290)	116 <b>Lv</b> Livermorium (293)	117 <b>Ts</b> Tennessine (294)	118 <b>Og</b> Oganesson (294)

65 <b>Tb</b> Terbium 158.93	66 <b>Dy</b> Dysprosium 162.50	67 <b>Ho</b> Holmium 164.93	68 <b>Er</b> Erbium 167.26	69 <b>Tm</b> Thulium 168.93	70 <b>Yb</b> Ytterbium 173.05	71 <b>Lu</b> Lutetium 174.97
97 <b>Bk</b> Berkelium (247)	98 <b>Cf</b> Californium (251)	99 <b>Es</b> Einsteinium (252)	100 <b>Fm</b> Fermium (257)	101 <b>Md</b> Mendelevium (258)	102 <b>No</b> Nobelium (259)	103 <b>Lr</b> Lawrencium (262)

Adapted from IUPAC version 4 May 2022 @ <https://iupac.org>

## SOLUBILITY RULES

### Soluble:

- All Acetates, Ammonium, Chlorates, Nitrates, and Group 1 salts
- All Chlorides, Bromides, and Iodides, except Silver, Lead, and Mercury(I)
- All Fluorides except Group 2, Lead(II), and Iron(III)
- All Sulfates except Calcium, Strontium, Barium, Mercury, Lead(II), and Silver

### Insoluble (0.10 M or greater):

- All Carbonates, Chromates, Oxides, and Phosphates except Group 1, and Ammonium
- All Hydroxides except Group 1, Strontium, Barium, and Ammonium
- All Sulfides except Group I, Group 2, and Ammonium

## Guidelines for Predicting the Products of Selected Types of Chemical Reactions

Key: **M** = Metal  
**NM** = Nonmetal

### 1. SYNTHESIS:

- a. Formation of a binary compound:  $A + B \rightarrow AB$
- b. Metal oxide and water:  $MO + H_2O \rightarrow \text{base}$
- c. Nonmetal oxide and water:  $(NM)O + H_2O \rightarrow \text{acid}$

### 2. DECOMPOSITION

- a. Binary compounds:  $AB \rightarrow A + B$
- b. Metallic carbonates:  $MCO_3 \rightarrow MO + CO_2$
- c. Metallic hydrogen carbonates:  $MHCO_3 \rightarrow MCO_3 (s) + H_2O (l) + CO_2 (g)$
- d. Metallic hydroxides:  $MOH \rightarrow MO + H_2O$
- e. Metallic chlorates:  $MClO_3 \rightarrow MCl + O_2$
- f. Oxyacids decompose to nonmetal oxides and water:  $\text{acid} \rightarrow (NM)O + H_2O$

### 3. COMBUSTION



### 4. SINGLE REPLACEMENT

- a. Metal-metal replacement:  $A + BC \rightarrow AC + B$
- b. Active metal replaces H from water:  $M + H_2O \rightarrow MOH + H_2$
- c. Active metal replaces H from acid:  $M + HX \rightarrow MX + H_2$
- d. Halide-halide replacement:  $D + BC \rightarrow BD + C$

### 5. DOUBLE REPLACEMENT $AB + CD \rightarrow AD + CB$

- a. Formation of a precipitate from solution
- b. Acid-Base neutralization

## Activity Series of Halogens

F<sub>2</sub>  
Cl<sub>2</sub>  
Br<sub>2</sub>  
I<sub>2</sub>

## Activity Series of Metals

Li	↑	↑	↑	↑	↓	Replace hydrogen from cold water						
Rb												
K												
Ba												
Sr												
Ca												
Na												
-----												
Mg							↑	↑	↓	↓	↓	Replace hydrogen from steam
Al												
Mn												
Zn												
Cr												
Fe												
Cd												
-----												
Co	↑	↓	↓	↓	↓	Replace hydrogen from acids						
Ni												
Sn												
Pb												
[H <sub>2</sub> ]												
-----												
Sb							↑	↓	↓	↓	↓	React with oxygen to form oxides
Bi												
Cu												
Hg												
-----												
Ag												
Pt												
Au												

## Polyatomic Ions

NH <sub>4</sub> <sup>+</sup>	ammonium
BrO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	bromate
C <sub>2</sub> H <sub>3</sub> O <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	acetate
ClO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>	perchlorate
ClO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	chlorate
ClO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	chlorite
ClO <sup>-</sup>	hypochlorite
CN <sup>-</sup>	cyanide
C <sub>2</sub> O <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	oxalate
CO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	carbonate
CrO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	chromate
Cr <sub>2</sub> O <sub>7</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	dichromate
HCO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	hydrogen carbonate
HSO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>	hydrogen sulfate
IO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	iodate
MnO <sub>4</sub> <sup>-</sup>	permanganate
NO <sub>3</sub> <sup>-</sup>	nitrate
NO <sub>2</sub> <sup>-</sup>	nitrite
OH <sup>-</sup>	hydroxide
O <sub>2</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	peroxide
SCN <sup>-</sup>	thiocyanate
SO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	sulfate
SO <sub>3</sub> <sup>2-</sup>	sulfite
PO <sub>4</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	phosphate
PO <sub>3</sub> <sup>3-</sup>	phosphite

Number	Roman Numeral	Greek Prefix
1	I	mono-
2	II	di-
3	III	tri-
4	IV	tetra-
5	V	penta-
6	VI	hexa-
7	VII	hepta-
8	VIII	octa-
9	IX	nona-
10	X	deca-

### Solubility of Various Compounds

