Functions – IB Sample Problems

- 1. Two weeks after its birth, an animal weighed 13 kg. At 10 weeks this animal weighed 53 kg. The increase in weight each week is constant.
 - (a) Show that the relation between *y*, the weight in kg, and *x*, the time in weeks, can be written as y = 5x + 3
 (b) Write down the weight of the animal at birth.
 (c) Write down the weekly increase in weight of the animal.
 (1)
 - (d) Calculate how many weeks it will take for the animal to reach 98 kg. (2) (Total 6 marks)
- 2. The functions f(x) and g(x) are defined by $f(x) = e^x$ and $g(x) = \ln (1+2x)$.
 - (a) Write down $f^{-1}(x)$.
 - (b) (i) Find $(f \circ g)(x)$.
 - (ii) Find $(f \circ g)^{-1}(x)$. (Total 6 marks)
- 3. Let $f(x) = \sqrt{x+4}$, $x \ge -4$ and $g(x) = x^2$, $x \in \mathbb{R}$.
 - (a) Find $(g \circ f)$ (3).
 - (b) Find $f^{-1}(x)$.
 - (c) Write down the domain of f^{-1} .
- 4. (a) Given that $(2^x)^2 + (2^x) 12$ can be written as $(2^x + a)(2^x + b)$, where $a, b \in \mathbb{Z}$, find the value of a and of b.
 - (b) Hence find the **exact** solution of the equation $(2^x)^2 + (2^x) 12 = 0$, and explain why there is only one solution.

(Total 6 marks)

(Total 6 marks)

- 5. The population of a city at the end of 1972 was 250 000. The population increases by 1.3% per year.
 - (a) Write down the population at the end of 1973.
 - (b) Find the population at the end of 2002.

(Total 6 marks)

- 6. The quadratic function f is defined by $f(x) = 3x^2 12x + 11$.
 - (a) Write f in the form $f(x) = 3(x-h)^2 k$.
 - (b) The graph of f is translated 3 units in the positive x-direction and 5 units in the positive y-direction. Find the function g for the translated graph, giving your answer in the form $g(x) = 3(x-p)^2 + q$. (Total 6 marks)
- 7. Find the **exact** value of *x* in each of the following equations.

(a)
$$5^{x+1} = 625$$

(b) $\log_a (3x+5) = 2$

(Total 6 marks)

8. The graph of a function *f* is shown in the diagram below. The point A (-1, 1) is on the graph, and y = -1 is a horizontal asymptote.



- (a) Let g(x) = f(x-1) + 2. On the diagram, sketch the graph of g.
- (b) Write down the equation of the horizontal asymptote of g.
- (c) Let A' be the point on the graph of g corresponding to point A. Write down the coordinates of A'.

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(Total 6 marks)
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9. The following diagram shows part of the graph of a quadratic function, with equation in the form y = (x - p)(x - q), where $p, q \in \mathbb{Z}$.



(a) Write down

- (i) the value of p and of q;
- (ii) the equation of the axis of symmetry of the curve. (3)
- (b) Find the equation of the function in the form $y = (x h)^2 + k$, where $h, k \in \mathbb{Z}$. (3)

(c) Find
$$\frac{dy}{dx}$$
. (2)

(d) Let *T* be the tangent to the curve at the point (0, 5). Find the equation of *T*. (2)

(Total 10 marks)

- (a) Write down the value of
 - (i) f(a);
 - (ii) f(1);
 - (iii) $f(a^4)$. (3)
- (b) The diagram below shows part of the graph of f.



On the same diagram, sketch the graph of f^{-1} .

(3) (Total 6 marks)

11. The following diagram shows part of the graph of $f(x) = 5 - x^2$ with vertex V (0, 5). Its image y = g(x) after a translation with vector $\begin{pmatrix} h \\ k \end{pmatrix}$ has vertex T (3, 6).



- (a) Write down the value of
 - (i) *h*;
 - (ii) k. (2)
- (b) Write down an expression for g(x). (2)
- (c) On the same diagram, sketch the graph of y = g(-x). (2) (Total 6 marks)

3