Chem 12

1) Hydrazine (N_2H_4) acts as a weak base in water. Write the equilibrium expression for this reaction. (Write the chemical equation first.)

2) Determine the pOH and pH of a 1.0 M solution of the weak base NH₃ at 25°C. The K_b for NH₃ at 25°C is 1.8 x 10⁻⁵.

3) K_b for NH₃ at 30°C is 5.0 x 10⁻⁵. Calculate [H⁺], [OH⁻], pH and pOH of a 1.0 M NH₃ solution at this temperature.

4) $K_b = 1.7 \times 10^{-6}$ for N₂H₄, hydrazine. If a solution of N₂H₄ has a pH of 10.50, what is the $[N_2H_5^+]$ in the solution?

5) K_a for HNO₂ is 5.1 x 10⁻⁴. What is the pH of a 0.400 M HNO₂ solution?

6) The pH of a 0.10 M solution of HA is 5.75. What is K_a for HA?

- 7) A 0.15 M solution of acid HX has a pH of 0.82.
 - a) Is HX a strong or weak acid? Explain.
 - b) Write the equation for HX reacting with water.
 - c) Another solution of HX has a pH of 3.24. What was the initial concentration of HX in this solution?

- 8) A 1.00 M solution of acid HY has a pH of 4.50.a) Is HY a strong or weak acid? Explain.
 - b) Calculate K_a for HY if you can.
- 9) The weak base B has a K_b value of 2.4 x 10⁻⁸. What is the pH of a 1.5 M solution of B?